Clifa[®] installation ...

Installation

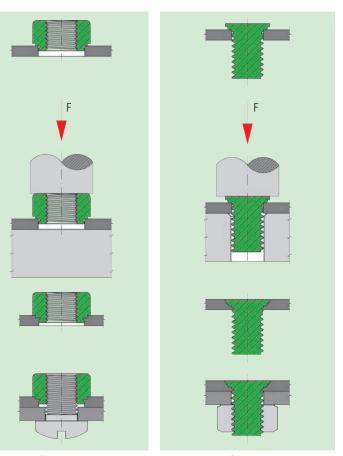
The receiving hole is punched, lasered or drilled but not deburred or countersunk.

With punched holes, Clifa® is pressed in from the punching burr side. The pressin process takes place on a plane parallel basis using a customary press with adjustable pressure level, until the surface of the shoulder in the Clifa® pressin nut comes to rest flat against the surface of the sheet metal.

In the case of the Clifa®-SP/SPD/SPS stud, the head must be fully pressed in and come to rest flush with the surface of the sheet metal.

Pressure which is too high or applied only on one side as well as inclined support surfaces must be avoided wherever possible.

Examples for mounting



Press-in nut Clifa®

Fig. 7 Press-in stud Clifa®-SP





Kerb Konus 🗘

Special request	We recommend			
short length	Clifa®-M	(Works Standard 500 0 to 503 0)		
standoff bushings for metals	Clifa®-AM	(Works Standard 503 8 to 525 8)		
standoff bushings for plastics threaded press-in stud	Clifa [®] -AL	(Works Standard 503 6 to 525 6)		
Flush surface on the press-in side of the nut element (/- thread closed on one side)	Clifa®-ABO/-ABG	(Works Standard 570 0 to 571 0)		
Grub screw for thin sheet thicknesses	Clifa [®] -SPD	(Works Standard 5 2)		
Grub screw for high load values	Clifa [®] -SA	(Works Standard 515 4 to 534 4)		
threaded press-in stud for lower press-in force	Clifa®-SAD	(Works Standard 515 9 to 534 9)		

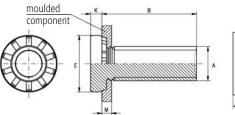


Press-fit geometrie processed protruding at the head

Clifa[®]-SA Works Standard 506 4 to 534 4

Application

- Clifa®-SA press-in grub screws are processed protruding at the head – see diagram –, and are used to manufacture wear-resistant, highly resilient screw connections in thin-walled moulded parts made of:
- SteelStainless steel
- Brass
- Copper
- Light metal, etc.





Clifa®-SA has a strengthened head shape, making it more resilient to threading than Clifa®-SP.

							Dimensions in mm
Article number	Internal thread	Workpiece thickness	External diameter	Head heigth	Hole diameter	Minimum spacing	Tightening torque of the nut (guidline values for sheet metal)
	А	≥M	E	K ±0,1	L +0,1	≥W	≤ Nm
5 400 030	M 3	1,0	6,0	0,8	3	8,5	1,3
5 400 040	M 4	1,0	7,5	1,2	4	9,5	2,9
5 400 050	M 5	1,2	8,5	1,5	5	10,5	6,0
5 400 060	M 6	1,2	10,0	1,5	6	11,5	10,0
5 400 080	M 8	1,5	12,5	1,75	8	12,5	25,0
5 400 100	M 10	2,0	15,7	2,2	10	13,5	36,0

Article number <u>first grou</u> p of digits	Length	Available					
(selection series)	B*) ±0,2	M 3	M 4	M 5	M 6	M 8	M 10
510 400	10,0	Х	Х	Х	Х		
512 400	12,0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
515 400	15,0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
520 400	20,0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
525 400	25,0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
530 400	30,0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
534 400	34,0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Example for finding
the article numberPress-in stud Clifa®-SA, M5 made of tempered, zinc plated and blue passivated steel,
20 mm long: Clifa®-SA 520 400 050.110

Materials	Steel tempered, zinc plated, blue passivated **	Article no. (fourth group of digits)
	Steel tempered, zinc/nickel plated, transparent passivated **	Article no. (fourth group of digits) 143
	Stainless steel	Article no. (fourth group of digits) 500

Other dimensions on request

Threaded endsPress-in stud with several dog points on request. See data sheet on page 25.

Tolerances ISO 2768-m

Thread Stud thread A: as per ISO 6g

Press-in force Guideline values for press-in force, see page 24

*) Length B available up to 60 mm

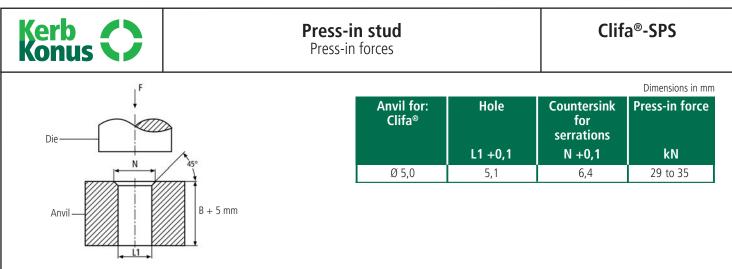
Press-in stud in tempered steel, available in customary strength classes.



**)

Kerb Konus 🗘	Press-in stud Press-in forces			Clifa [®] -SP/SPD	
				Dimensions in mm	
↓ ^F	Anvil for: Clifa®	Hole	Countersink for serrations	Press-in force	
Die		L1 +0,1	N +0,1	kN	
N 45°	M 2,5	2,6	3,4	8,9 to 12	
	M 3	3,1	4,0	10,5 to 19	
	M 4	4,1	5,2	16 to 25	
Anvil B + 5 mm	M 5	5,1	6,4	29 to 35	
	M 6	6,1	7,6	30 to 50	
	M 8	8,1	10,2	30 to 60	

The press-in force F is dependent on the Clifa[®] dimension, the material and the thickness of the shaped component and also the type of serration at the head. The Clifa[®] head must be fully embedded and must come to rest flush with the surface of the sheet metal. Excessive force must be avoided. The hole diameter of the part to be screwed on $\approx A + 0.6$ mm.



The press-in force F is dependent on the Clifa[®] dimension, the material and the thickness of the shaped component and also the type of serration at the head. The Clifa[®] head must be fully embedded and must come to rest flush with the surface of the sheet metal. Excessive force must be avoided. The hole diameter of the part to be screwed on $\approx A + 0.6$ mm.

Kerb Konus 🗘	Press-in stud Press-in forces			Clifa [®] -SA/SAD		
· · ·			•	Dimensions in mm		
F TTTT	Anvil for: Clifa®	Hole	Countersink for serrations	Press-in force		
Die		L1 +0,1	N+0,1	kN		
N 45°	M 3	3,1	4,0	9,0 to 15,0		
	M 4	4,1	5,2	14,5 to 38		
	M 5	5,1	6,4	21 to 42		
Anvil B + 5n	n M 6	6,1	7,6	21 to 50		
	M 8	8,1	10,2	21 to 60		
	M 10	10,1	12,2	32 to 84		

The press-in force F is dependent on the Clifa[®] dimension, the material and the thickness of the shaped component and also the type of serration at the head. Excessive force must be avoided. The hole diameter of the part to be screwed on \approx A +0,6 mm.



Threaded ends for press-in grub screws

Clifa[®]-SP/-SPD Clifa[®]-SA/-SAD

Application

Depending on the demands placed on the Clifa® press-in grub screws, we offer a variety of threaded ends. Further threaded ends on request.

Sub-function	Type of threaded end				
Sub-function	KKV	KK	PN	KK-MAG	
Protection of start of thread	Ŕ	7	7	7	
Larger displacement when fastening	R	→	7	N	
Prevention of tilting when fastening	R	→	\rightarrow	7	
Usable thread length (Version for components of the same length)	7	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	Ŕ	

Type of threaded end: **KKV** DIN EN ISO 4753 (RL)



Type of threaded end: KK





Type of threaded end: KK-MAG





Type of threaded end: PN